Community Futures
Peace Country
Financial Statements
March 31, 2022

Community Futures Peace Country

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Year Ended March 31, 2022

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To the Board of Community Futures Peace Country:

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Community Futures Peace Country (the "Organization"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022, and the statements of earnings (loss), changes in unrestricted and restricted fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at March 31, 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

The Organization has issued loans as part of the Regional Relief and Recovery Fund ("RRRF") program. Due to the associated terms and conditions, the valuation of the RRRF loans is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of the RRRF loans was limited to their existence based on the amounts recorded in the records of the Organization. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to loan impairment provision and excess of revenues over expenses for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, and loans receivable, repayable RRRF loans, and net assets as at March 31, 2022 and 2021.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.



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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit, We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Peace River, Alberta

June 27, 2022

Chartered Professional Accountants



Community Futures Peace Country Statement of Financial Position As at March 31, 2022

			-,,,-			As at Marc	
			Investment F				
		PrairiesCan	PrairiesCan	PrairiesCan			
	Desiries Con	Conditionally	Non-	Conditionally	RRRF		
	PrairiesCan	Repayable	Repayable	Repayable	Investment/		
	Operating	Investment	Investment	Disabled Fund	Loan Funds	2022	2021
A 1 -	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fulla	Loan Funds	LULL	202
Assets							
Current							
Cash in bank and short term investments	168,669	335,142	219,103	169,054	81,540	973,508	849,382
Accounts receivable	19,514	56,320	13,917	2,666	=	92,417	87,964
Prepaid expenses	5,121		-	-	-	5,121	13,099
Assets held for resale	-	101	, = 0	-	.=:		-
Current portion of loans	-	634,967	181,867	41,962		858,796	809,721
	193,304	1,026,429	414,887	213,682	81,540	1,929,842	1,760,166
Property and equipment (Note 3)	270,771	(%)	-	2	-	270,771	281,339
DDDC lease receivable		221		_	2,469,650	2,469,650	2,576,050
RRRF loans receivable Investment loans receivable	-	-	-	-	2,400,000	m, 100,000	_,0.0,000
		2 102 722	674,500	99,333	_	2,967,565	2,941,090
net of allowance for credit loss (Note 5)	9 =	2,193,732		va ven en Elemente en			
Less: current portion		(634,967)	(181,867)	(41,962)		(858,796)	(809,72
	_	1,558,765	492,633	57,371	2,469,650	4,578,419	4,707,419
T-4-14-	464,075	2,585,194	907.520	271.053	2,551,190	6,779,032	6,748,92
Total assets	404,073	2,505,154	307,320	271,000	2,001,100	0,770,002	0,1 10,02
Liabilities and fund balances Current							
Short-term debt (Note 7)	-	2	-	121	N	_	7 <u>-</u>
Accounts payable (Note 8)	61,484	2	2,532	-	_	64,016	95,37
Deferred revenue (Note 10)	27,971				81,540	109,511	37,74
	17,533	-	_		-	17,533	17,53
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 11)	17,555					17,000	17,00
	100 000		2,532		81,540	191,060	150,65
	106,988	.70	2,552	7		10-41-0	
Repayable RRRF loans (Note 13)	-	-	-	-	2,469,650	2,469,650	2,642,35
Long-term debt (Note 11)	18,995	-	-		150	18,995	36,52
	125,983		2,532		2,551,190	2,679,705	2,829,52
	125,965		2,002		2,001,100	2,070,700	2,020,02
Fund Balances							
Invested in property and equipment	234,243		-	= ,	-	234,243	227,27
Externally restricted (Note 6)		2,585,194	904,988	271,053	<u> </u>	3,761,235	3,579,59
Unrestricted	103,849		2	-/	-	103,849	112,52
					1		
	338,092	2,585,194	904,988	271,053	-	4,099,327	3,919,39
Total liabilities and fund balances	464,075	2,585,194	907,520	271,053	2,551,190	6,779,032	6,748,92
Approved on behalf of the Board				/	7		
(replin	_						
Director				Director		-	

Community Futures Peace Country Statement of Earnings (Loss) and Changes in Unrestricted Fund Balance Year Ended March 31, 2022

	2022	2021
Revenue		
PrairiesCan contribution	309,963	309,963
Bank Interest	347	1,230
insurance revenue	4,342	-
Project admin fee	-	375
Program revenues	38,324	6,730
Loan and technical fees	7,800	5,400
	360,776	323,698
Operating expenses		
Advertising and promotion	1,392	4,095
Amortization	10,568	10,937
Bad debt (recovery)	375	(236)
Bank charges	1,458	1,398
Board members expenses	399	1,033
Books and publications	129	·72
Contractor expenses	1,400	1,873
Insurance and memberships	4,120	5,414
Janitorial	10,621	10,601
Legal and audit fees	16,000	16,380
Loan expenses	2,275	2,197
Long term interest	1,589	2,239
Meeting expenses	1,930	174
Non-refundable GST	2,485	3,410
Office supplies and postage	14,310	12,035
Repairs and maintenance	1,611	1,445
Salaries and benefits	231,143	213,839
Small equipment and furniture	1,150	788
Special projects - other	37,490	6,940
Staff development	2,343	1,678
Staff travel	3,329	2,316
Utilities	16,369	13,463
	362,486	312,091
Net earnings (loss) for the year	(1,710)	11,607
Unrestricted Net Assets, beginning of year	112,524	113,445
Transfer from restricted fund	-	-
Transfer to RRRF fund	-	(2,758
Transfer to investment in property and equipment	(6,965)	(9,770
Unrestricted Net Assets, end of year	103,849	112,524

Community Futures Peace Country Statement of Earnings (Loss) and Changes in Restricted Fund Balances Year Ended March 31, 2022

		*			
<u>Loan</u>	Investment F	<u>·unds</u>			
PrairiesCan	PrairiesCan	PrairiesCan			
Conditionally	Non-	Conditionally			
Repayable	Repayable	Repayable	RRRF		
• •		Disabled	Investment/		
Fund	Fund	Fund	Loan Funds	2022	2021
850	-	-	-	850	850
185,994	65,001	8,835	-	259,830	228,166
_		-		.	108,981
186.844	65.001	8,835	_	260,680	337,997
-		-	-		5,000
48,911	-	-	-	48,911	12,596
26,409	4,115	(1,590)	-	28,934	255,161
-	-	-	-	-	429
-	-	-	-	-	3,998
-	-	-	-	-	11,302
-	-	-	-	-	22,317
-	-	- .	-	-	21,500
1,193	-	-	-	1,193	(43)
-	-	-	-	-	4,442
-	-	-	-	-	3,700
	-	-	-	-	9,499
-	-	-	-	-	952
-	-	-	-	-	1,896
-	-	-	<u></u>	-	847
-	-	-	-	-	8,718
=	-	-	-	-	18,758
-	-	-	-	-	323
-	-			-	2,500
76,513	4,115	(1,590) -	79,038	383,895
110,331	60,886	10,425	-	181,642	(45,898)
(18,335) 18,496	(161) -		_
	,	-	-	, -	2,758
1,655,698	475,606	60,789		2,192,093	2,235,233
1,747,694	554,988	3 71,053	-	2,373,735	2,192,093
837,500	350,000	200,000) <u> </u>	1,387,500	1,387,500
2,585,194	904,988	3 271,053	3 -	3,761,235	3,579,593
	PrairiesCan Conditionally Repayable Investment Fund 850 185,994 186,844 48,911 26,409 1,193	PrairiesCan PrairiesCan Conditionally Non- Repayable Repayable Investment Investment Fund 55,001 186,844 65,001 48,911 - 26,409 4,115 - - - - 1,193 - - -	Repayable Investment Fund Repayable Investment Fund Repayable Fund 850 - - 185,994 65,001 8,835 186,844 65,001 8,835 - - - 48,911 - - 26,409 4,115 (1,590) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	PrairiesCan Conditionally Non- Conditionally Repayable Investment Fund Repayable Investment Fund Repayable Investment Fund Repayable Fund Repayable Investment/ End 850 - - - 185,994 65,001 8,835 - 48,911 - - - 26,409 4,115 (1,590) - - - - - 1,193 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	PrairiesCan PrairiesCan Conditionally Repayable Repayable Investment Fund Fund Disabled Investment Fund Fund End End

Community Futures Peace Country Statement of Cash Flows

As at March 31, 2022

		Droirioe€an	PrairiesCan	Prairies Can			
		Conditionally		Conditionally			
	PrairiesCan	Repayable	Repayable	Repayable	RRRF		
	Operating	Investment	Investment	Disabled	Investment/		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Loan Funds	2022	2021
Cash provided by (used) for the following							
Operating:							
PrairiesCan Contribution	309,963	-	-	-	-	309,963	309,963
Interest received	347	171,180	63,684	7,135	-	242,346	225,578
Other revenue	55,468	850	-	-	-	56,318	11,528
Investment loan repayments	`-	442,156	192,673	34,761	-	669,590	585,593
Investment loan advances	-	(490,000)	(235,000)	_	-	(725,000)	(359,000)
RRRF funds received	-	_	-	-	170,040	170,040	2,576,050
RRRF funds disbursed	_	_	_	-	(154,800)	(154,800)	(2,509,750)
Interest and investment expenses paid	(3,047)	(50,104)	-	-	-	(53,151)	(20,632)
Salaries and benefits	(239,821)		_	-	_	(239,821)	(210,100)
Materials and services	(116,701)		-		-	(133,826)	(72,964)
	6 200	F6 057	21,357	41,896	15,240	141,659	536,266
Investing:	6,209	56,957	21,337	41,090	15,240	141,003	000,200
Purchases of property and equipment	_	_	_	_	_	-	(3,174)
Transfer out	_	(2,600)		(161)		(2,761)	(295
Transier out		(2,000)		(101)	<u> </u>	(-,,	
	· <u>-</u>	(2,600)		(161)	· · ·	(2,761)	(3,469
Financing:							
Advance (Repayment) of short term debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	(250,000
Repayment of long term debt	(17,533)) -	-	-	-	(17,533)	(17,533
Transfer in		_	2,761		-	2,761	295
	(17,533)	``	2,761	_	_	(14,772)	(267,238
Increase (decrease) in cash resources	(11,324)		24,118	41,735	15,240	124,126	265,559
Cash resources, beginning of year	179,993	,	194,985	·	66,300	849,382	583,823
	,				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······································	
Cash resources, end of year	168,669	335,142	219,103	169,054	81,540	973,508	849,382
Cash resources consists of:							
Cash in bank	168,669	335,142	219,103	169,054	81,540	973,508	849,382
Guot. III burnt	100,000	40 UT / 12	_,_,,,		,		

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

March 31, 2022

1. Purpose of the organization

Community Futures Peace Country is a community-based organization that provides loans and financial services to small businesses that are otherwise unable to obtain financing. The Corporation is incorporated under the Alberta Companies Act as a non-profit organization. It is exempt from income taxes under the Income Tax Act as a non-profit organization.

2. Significant accounting policies

Revenue Recognition — Restricted Fund Method

Community Futures Peace Country follows the restricted method of accounting for contributions.

The General Fund accounts for the organization's operating costs and general revenues. This fund reports unrestricted resources and restricted operating grants.

The Investment Fund reports restricted resources that are to be used for assistance to small businesses and entrepreneurs in the form of loans, loan guarantees or equity participation. Loans from Investment Fund for the Disabled are limited to businesses owned and operated by disabled entrepreneurs. The organization is restricted in the types of loans that can be made according to its agreement with the federal government.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment acquisitions over \$1,000 are recorded at cost.

Property and equipment are being amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Computer equipment 4 years
Equipment between \$1,000 and \$5,000 5 years
Equipment over \$5,000 10 years
Buildings 30 years

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances with banks and short term deposits with original maturities of three months or

Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary. Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of Property and Equipment.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary they are reported in earnings in the periods in which they become known.

March 31, 2022

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial Instruments

Held for trading

The Corporation has classified the following financial assets and liabilities as held for trading: cash and short term investments. These instruments are initially recognized at their fair value. Fair value is approximated by the instrument's initial cost in a transaction between unrelated parties. Transactions to purchase or sell these items are recorded on the settlement date.

Held for trading financial instruments are initially and subsequently measured at their fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized immediately in the statement of revenues and expenses.

Loans and receivables

The Corporation has classified the following financial assets as loans and receivables: trade accounts receivable and long term loans receivable. These assets are initially recognized at their fair value. Fair value is approximated by the instrument's initial cost in a transaction between unrelated parties. Transactions to purchase or sell these items are recorded on the settlement date.

Loans and receivables are subsequently measured at their amortized cost, using the effective interest method. Under this method, estimated future cash receipts are exactly discounted over the asset's expected life, or other appropriate method, to its net carrying value. Amortized cost is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition less principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and less any reduction for impairment or uncollectibility. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in excess of revenues and expenses upon derecognition or impairment.

Other financial liabilities

The Corporation has classified the following financial liabilities as other financial liabilities: accounts payable and accruals, short-term debt and long term debt. These liabilities are initially recognized at their fair value. Fair value is approximated by the instrument's initial cost in a transaction between unrelated parties. Transactions to purchase or sell these items are recorded on the settlement date.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Under this method, estimated future cash payments are exactly discounted over the liability's expected life, or other appropriate period, to its net carry value. Amortized cost is the amount at which the financial liability is measured at initial recognition less principal repayments, and plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in excess of revenues over expenses upon derecognition or impairment.

March 31, 2022

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Long-lived assets and discontinued operations

Long-lived assets consist of property and equipment with finite useful lives. Long-lived assets held for use are measured and amortized as described in the applicable accounting policies.

The organization performs impairment testing on long-lived assets held for use whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset, or group of assets, may not be recoverable. The carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable if the carrying amount exceeds the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows from its use and disposal. If the carrying amount is not recoverable, impairment is then measured as the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its fair value. Fair value is measured using prices for similar items. Any impairment is included in earnings for the year.

Long-lived assets are classified as held for sale when all of the following criteria are met:

- The Board of Directors, having the authority to approve the action, commits the organization to a plan to sell the assets;
- The asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition;
- The organization has initiated an active program to locate a buyer;
- The sale is probable, and is expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year;
- The asset is being actively marketed for sale at a reasonable price relative to it fair value; and
- It is unlikely that the plan to sell the asset will be withdrawn or that significant changes will be made to the plan.

Long-lived assets classified as held for sale are initially measured at the lower of the carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, and are not amortized. Subsequent increases in fair value not in excess of the cumulative loss previously recorded are recognized as gains.

March 31, 2022

3. Property and equipment

	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	2022 Net Book Value	2021 Net Book Value
Building	298,000	129,133	168,867	178,800
Computer equipment	8,373	8,373	-	-
Equipment \$1,000 - \$5,000	28,011	26,107	1,904	2,539
Equipment over \$5,000	23,859	23,859	-	-
Land	100,000		100,000	100,000
	458,243	187,472	270,771	281,339

4. Allowance for Credit Loss

An allowance for losses on investment loans is made based on expected loan default rates, potential loss ratios and review of loan portfolios, as determined by management, as follows:

	2021 Ending Balance	Written Off	Recovery	Provision for Credit Losses	2022 Ending Balance
PrairiesCan Conditionally Repayable Investment Fund	700,691	(361,424)	_	15,989	355,256
PrairiesCan Non-repayable Investment Fund	438,795	(151,034)	-	1,412	289,173
PrairiesCan Conditionally Repayable Disabled Fund	37,676	(30,791)	(1,657)		5,228
	1,177,162	(543,249)	(1,657)	17,401	649,657

Actual write-offs, net of recoveries, will be deducted from the allowance for credit losses. The provision for credit losses in the statement of income and changes in fund balances is charged with an amount sufficient to keep the balance in the allowance for credit losses adequate to absorb all credit related losses.

5. Loans receivable

Outstanding loans to entrepreneurs are interest bearing at fixed rates varying from 6% to 10% with monthly principal and interest repayments amortized for terms between 12 and 84 months. Security is taken on these loans as appropriate to the situation, and includes personal guarantees, general security agreements covering business assets and mortgages on land and building. This security is usually subordinated to those of a primary lender.

	PrairiesCan Conditionally Repayable Investment Fund	PrairiesCan Non- Repayable Investment Fund	PrairiesCan Conditionally Repayable Disabled Fund	2022 Total	2021 Total
Investment loans receivable	2,548,988	963,673	104,561	3,617,222	4,118,252
Less: Allowance for credit loss (Note 4)	355,256 2,193,732	289,173 674,500	5,228 99,333	649,657 2,967,565	1,177,162 2,941,090

March 31, 2022

6. Externally Restricted Fund Balance		
	2022	2021
Loan Investment funds	-	
Loan Investment Funds restricted to loans and Equity Investments to entrepreneurs		
PrairiesCan Conditionally Repayable Investment Fund - contributions	837,500	837,500
PrairiesCan Conditionally Repayable Investment Fund - earned	1,747,694	1,655,698
	2,585,194	2,493,198
PrairiesCan Non-repayable Investment Fund - contributions	350,000	350,000
PrairiesCan Non-repayable Investment Fund - earned	554,988	475,606
	904,988	825,606
PrairiesCan Conditionally Repayable Disabled Fund - contributions	200,000	200,000
PrairiesCan Disabled Conditionally Repayable Disabled Fund - earned	71,053	60,789
	271,053	260,789
	3,761,235	3,579,593

Under the terms and conditions of the contribution agreement between the Corporation and the Department of Prairies Economic Development Canada, the Conditionally Repayable Loan Funds are repayable if any of the following conditions occur:

- i. The Conditionally Repayable Investment Fund is not administered according to the terms and conditions specified in this Agreement; or
- ii. Based on reviews and evaluations of the operations and the Conditionally Repayable Investment Fund of the Corporation, the Conditionally Repayable Investment Fund is not providing a satisfactory level of benefits in terms of employment creation, the development of Community-owned or controlled businesses, and strengthening of the western Canadian economy; or
- iii. In the opinion of the Minister, the Conditionally Repayable Investment Fund is no longer necessary or relevant to the development of the western Canadian economy; or
- iv. The Agreement is Terminated as described in Section 16; or
- v. An event of default occurs, as described in Section 17 of the Agreement; or
- vi. The Minister does not approve terms and conditions to extend the project beyond March 31, 2022.

March 31, 2022

7. Short-term debt

Short-term debt consists of a line of credit totalling \$1,000,000 (2021 -\$1,000,000) of which \$nil was drawn as of March 31, 2022 (2021 - \$nil). The interest rate included on the line of credit is at prime, effective rate of 2.45% (2021 - prime, effective rate of 2.45%). Funds can be drawn in increments of \$50,000. The line of credit is payable on demand and in any case not later than sixty (60) months following the date of the first loan advance (the loan was first advanced in August 2016). Amount is secured by a demand promissory note executed by the Corporation and related general security agreement securing all assets and undertakings of the borrower.

8. Accounts payable

Included in accounts payable is \$6,636 (2021 - \$6,366) owing to the Receiver General for payroll source deductions.

9. Commitments

As of March 31, 2022, the corporation had two loans (2021 - no loans) that were approved but not fully disbursed. One loan had \$20,000 remaining to be disbursed at year end and the other loan was for \$150,000. Both of these loans were fully disbursed in April 2022.

10. Deferred revenue

During the year, the Corporation administered a number of projects in which they received \$28,946 (2021 - \$24,750) in allocations. Opening deferred revenue was \$37,743 (2021 - \$16,573) for a total revenue stream of \$66,689 (2021 - \$41,323). Of this amount, \$38,718 (2021 - \$3,580) was spent on the related projects. The excess contributions over expenses incurred for 2022 is \$27,971 (2021 - \$37,743) for the program revenues.

During the year Corporation received an advance of \$81,540 from the Community Futures Lending Investment Pool. This amount received is for the Regional Relief and Recovery Administrative Fund. These funds may only be used for operating costs related to RRRF loan aftercare and assisting in community response to COVID-19. These costs will be incurred subsequent to year end and up to December 31, 2025. None of the funds advanced have been spent at year end.

Long term debt	11	١.	Long	term	debt
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•	2022	2021
CIBC building mortgage with monthly principal payments of \$1,461 plus interest at prime plus 1.0%, effective rate of 3.45% (2021 - prime plus 1.0%, effective rate of 3.45%), secured by the related land and building with a net book value of \$268,867 (2021 - \$278,800), maturing 2025.	36,528	54,061
Less: current portion	17,533	17,533
	18,995	36,528
Principal payments over the next three years are as follows:		
2023	17,533	
2024	17,533	
2025	1,462	

March 31, 2022

12. Economic Dependence

The Corporation received 96% (2021 - 97%) of its operating revenue from the federal government and is economically dependant upon it

13. Repayable RRRF loans

Repayable RRRF loans owing to the Community Futures Network of Alberta ("CFNA") are non-interest bearing and are repayable as the RRRF loans receivable are collected. Any loan losses on the RRRF loans receivable reduce the amount to be repaid to CFNA.

14. Financial instruments

The Corporation as part of its operations carries a number of financial instruments. It is management's opinion that the Corporation is not exposed to significant interest rate, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments except as otherwise disclosed.

15. Impact on Operations

There is still a global outbreak of COVID-19, which has had a significant impact on not for profit organization operations through the restrictions put in place by the Canadian and provincial governments regarding travel, isolation/quarantine orders, closures of organization facilities, cancellation/postponement of programs and deferral of client loan payments. At this time, it is unknown the extent of the impact the COVID-19 outbreak may have on the organization as this will depend on future developments that are highly uncertain and that cannot be predicted with confidence. These uncertainties arise from the inability to predict the ultimate geographic spread of the virus, and the duration of the outbreak, including the duration of organization facility closures, program and service disruptions, and isolation/quarantine measures that are currently, or may be put, in place by Canada and other countries to fight the virus.